

# OS Awareness Manual pSOS+

MANUAL

# OS Awareness Manual pSOS+

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## History

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04-Feb-21      Removing legacy command TASK.TASKState.

## Overview

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The OS Awareness for pSOS+ contains special extensions to the TRACE32 Debugger. This manual describes the additional features, such as additional commands and statistic evaluations.

## Brief Overview of Documents for New Users

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### Architecture-independent information:

- [“Training Basic Debugging”](#) (training\_debugger.pdf): Get familiar with the basic features of a TRACE32 debugger.
- [“T32Start”](#) (app\_t32start.pdf): T32Start assists you in starting TRACE32 PowerView instances for different configurations of the debugger. T32Start is only available for Windows.
- [“General Commands”](#) (general\_ref\_<x>.pdf): Alphabetic list of debug commands.

### Architecture-specific information:

- [“Processor Architecture Manuals”](#): These manuals describe commands that are specific for the processor architecture supported by your Debug Cable. To access the manual for your processor architecture, proceed as follows:
  - Choose **Help** menu > **Processor Architecture Manual**.
- [“OS Awareness Manuals”](#) (rtos\_<os>.pdf): TRACE32 PowerView can be extended for operating system-aware debugging. The appropriate OS Awareness manual informs you how to enable the OS-aware debugging.

## Supported Versions

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Currently pSOS is supported for the following versions:

- pSOS 1.1A with pROBE 1.0A on Intel x86, real mode
- pSOS 1.1.x, 1.2.x, 2.0.E, 2.1.x on M68k
- pSOS 2.0.7 with pROBE 3.0.8 on PowerPC
- pSOS 2.1.x on ARM7
- pSOS 2.2.3 on PPC
- pSOS 2.2.6 on Intel 386, protected mode.
- pSOS 2.3.0 on M68K,
- pSOS 2.5.x on PPC

# Configuration

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The **TASK.CONFIG** command loads an extension definition file called "psos.t32" (directory `~/demo/<processor>/kernel/psos`). It contains all necessary extensions.

Automatic configuration tries to locate the pSOS internals automatically. For this purpose all symbol tables must be loaded and accessible at any time the OS Awareness is used.

If a system symbol is not available or if another address should be used for a specific system variable then the corresponding argument must be set manually with the appropriate address. This can be done by manual configuration which can require some additional arguments, too.

If you want to have dual port access for the display functions (display "On The Fly"), you have to map emulation memory to the address space of all used system tables.

## Manual Configuration

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Manual configuration for the OS Awareness for pSOS+ is only necessary for M68k controllers when using the kernel patch. The PRACTICE file 'ppsos.cmm' patches pSOS+ and pROBE and configures the OS Awareness. The macros defined at the beginning of the file specify the address of pROBE+/68k, the address of the current-tcb pointer, and the vectors which are used to enter the kernel.

Format:	<b>TASK.CONFIG psos &lt;magic_address&gt; &lt;sleep&gt; &lt;args&gt;</b>
---------	--

**<magic\_address>**      Specifies a memory location that contains the current running task.

**<sleep>**      The argument for **<sleep>** is currently not used. Specify '0'.

**<args>**      The additional arguments of the **TASK.CONFIG** command must be the address of the system call routine, the node configuration table, the pSOS data structures and a flag indicating the main pSOS version.

If the task selective debugging features are not used, the patching of the kernel is not required. The first two arguments are then not required. The PRACTICE script `~/demo/m68k/kernel/psos/<version>/ppsos.cmm` can make the required patches to pSOS+ and configures the display commands:

DO ppsos nopatch	; configures only display functions ; no patches are made (TASK.OFF)
DO ppsos noprobe	; patches pSOS when pROBE is not loaded ; task selective debugging in on
DO ppsos notask noprobe	; patches pSOS when pROBE is not loaded ; task selective debugging in off
DO ppsos	; patched pSOS and pROBE for task selective ; debugging

The PRACTICE script file must be modified, when the pSOS node anchor is not at the default location. When patching is required the patch area in the PRACTICE script file must be modified to point to an unused memory area.

The demo script 'psos.cmm' in the `~/demo/m68k/kernel/psos` directory can be started with the same parameters. The application may require modifying the 'psos.cmm' file to load the currently used version of pSOS+.

## Automatic Configuration

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For system resource display and analyzer functionality, you can do an automatic configuration of the OS Awareness. For this purpose it is necessary that all system internal symbols are loaded and accessible. Each of the **TASK.CONFIG** arguments can be substituted by '0', which means that this argument will be searched and configured automatically. For a fully automatic configuration specify '0' to the magic and sleep arguments and omit all other arguments:

Format:	<b>TASK.CONFIG psos 0 0</b>
---------	-----------------------------

If a system symbol is not available, or if another address should be used for a specific system variable, then the corresponding argument must be set manually with the appropriate address.

To access all features of the OS Awareness you should follow the following roadmap:

1. Run the demo script (~~/demo/m68k/kernel/psos/<version>/psos.cmm) with your kernel without any patching. This requires that you copy the files from this demo together with your version of the pSOS+ kernel in your directory. Start the demo with 'do psos nopatch'. Add the argument 'noprobe' if you don't want to load pROBE+. The result should be a list of tasks, which continuously change their state.
2. Run the demo script with patching. For CPU32(+) devices you need the argument 'notask'. (skip for x86 and PPC)
3. Try single stepping, starting and stopping a task. Display kernel resources. On CPU32(+) devices the interrupts during single stepping can be suppressed by **SETUP.IMASKASM**, by a monitor extension (**SYStem.MonFile**) which stops the interrupt source in the chip or by freezing the timer.
4. Try the analyzer demo scripts (tasksc, taskstat and taskfunc).
5. Make a copy of the 'ppsos.cmm' PRACTICE file. Modify the file according to your application. This can be changing the pSOS+ node anchor or choosing a different memory area for the patches.
6. Run the modified version in your application **without patching** (with 'nopatch' argument). This should allow you to display the kernel resources and use most of the analyzer features (except the system call display).
7. Run your application with patching, but without task selective debugging ('notask' argument). (skip for x86 and PPC)
8. Run your application with task selective debugging, when required (not CPU32(+) devices). (skip for x86 and PPC)

## Hooks & Internals in pSOS+

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### Kernel patching for M68k:

To determine the entry of a task, the patching of pSOS+, and pROBE+ when used, is required. All returns to the task context (usually RTE instructions) are patched to pass control to the multitask monitor. The patch writes the current executing tcb address to the magic-word of the OS Awareness and runs to a breakpoint. The entries to pSOS are patched directly in the vector table. The patches write the value 1 to the magic-word and run to a breakpoint. The 'breakpoint'-trap of pROBE+ should be patched too. This will ease the combination of pROBE+ breakpoints together with the state analyzer.

The task-delete hook of pSOS is used to detect if a task has been deleted. If this hook (KC\_DELETECO) is already in use, an additional patch is required.

To stop a task and continue the kernel, the debugger uses the 'manual round robin' feature of PSOS. In this case the debugger will execute the function-call 'tm\_wkafter(1)'.

No hooks are used for x86 and PPC.

The OS Awareness for pSOS+ supports the following features.

## Display of Kernel Resources

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The extension defines new commands to display various kernel resources. The commands can either give an overview about one resource type or display a single resource in detail. The resource can be defined by its ID, magic or name. The following information can be displayed:

The following information can be displayed for i386, M68k and PPC:

<b>TASK.QC</b>	Configuration
<b>TASK.QO</b>	Objects
<b>TASK.QT</b>	Tasks
<b>TASK.QQ</b>	Queues
<b>TASK.QS</b>	Semaphores
<b>TASK.QR</b>	Regions
<b>TASK.QP</b>	Partitions
<b>TASK.QD</b>	Date and time
<b>TASK.QV</b> <b>(only available on PPC)</b>	Versions
<b>TASK.SC</b> <b>(only available on M68k)</b>	System calls

For a detailed description of each command, refer to chapter “pSOS Commands for i386, M68k and PPC”.

The following information can be displayed for x86:

<b>TASK.QC</b>	Configuration
<b>TASK.QP</b>	Process table
<b>TASK.QT</b>	Time

For a description of the commands, refer to chapter “pSOSx86 Commands”.

When working with emulation memory or shadow memory, these resources can be displayed “On The Fly”, i.e. while the target application is running, without any intrusion to the application. If using this dual port memory feature, be sure that emulation memory is mapped to all places, where pSOS holds its tables.

When working only with target memory, the information will only be displayed if the target application is stopped.

# TRACE32 Board Support Package with pROBE+ Terminal Emulation

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(only available for PPC) pSOS+ users can call for a TRACE32 board support package. This package is based on the SBC821 BSP. It allows to create applications that run on the in circuit emulator without any target.

The BSP contains a special console driver which connects the pROBE+ with a terminal emulation window of the emulator. The 'break' command pROBE, to stop a running application (default: 'CTRL-C') is changed to 'TAB'. The communication between pROBE+ and the terminal is done via two memory cells, requiring no external interface.

Our demo application was built with this TRACE32 BSP.

## Task Runtime Statistics

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The time spent in a task can be analyzed by marking the accesses to a word holding the current task descriptor. All kernel activities are added to the calling task. The example PRACTICE script 'taskfunc.cmm' can be used to make the measurement for this analysis.

<b>Analyzer.List List.TASK DEFault</b>
<b>Analyzer.STATistic.TASK</b>
<b>Analyzer.Chart.TASK</b>

Display trace buffer and task switches
Display task runtime statistic evaluation
Display task runtime time chart

## Task State Analysis

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The time different tasks are in a certain state (running, ready, suspended or waiting) can be displayed as a statistic or in graphical form. This feature is implemented by recording all accesses to the status words of all tasks. Additionally the accesses to the current tcb pointer or the magic word are traced. This is required as the status of a task makes no difference between 'running' and 'ready'. The example script 'taskstat.cmm' makes a task state analysis with the demo application.

<b>Analyzer.STATistic.TASKState</b>
<b>Analyzer.Chart.TASKState</b>

Display task state statistic evaluation
Display task state time chart

# Function Runtime Statistics

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All function related statistic and time chart functions can be used with task specific information. The task switch can be displayed in the analyzer list with the **List.TASK** keyword. The example script 'taskfunc.cmm' makes a task-selective performance analysis for the demo application.

<b>Analyzer.List List.TASK FUNC</b>	Display function nesting
<b>Analyzer.STATistic.TASKFunc</b>	Display function runtime statistic
<b>Analyzer.STATistic.TASKTREE</b>	Display functions as call tree
<b>Analyzer.Chart.TASKFunc</b>	Display function time chart

## System Calls

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Manually executing system calls requires a small program on the target, which makes the system call and stops execution after the call. Such a program is part of the standard patch procedure (ppsoc.cmm). The memory at the system parameter buffer (a part of the patch area) must be mapped internal (only available for M68k).

## Task Selective Debugging

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Task selective debugging allows to disable or enable the analyzer and the trigger system for specific tasks and to stop one task while others continue to operate. This function has an impact on the response time of the multitask kernel. The feature should not be used when making performance or time measurements or with extremely time critical applications. Task selective debugging not available on x86, PPC, CPU32 and CPU32+ processors.

The menu file “psos.men” contains a menu with pSOS specific menu items. Load this menu with the **MENU.ReProgram** command.

You will find a new menu called **pSOS+**.

- The **pROBE Terminal** menu item brings up a terminal emulation window, which communicates with the preconfigured pROBE+ debugger.
- The **Break to pROBE** menu item performs a special break command inside the terminal emulation to gain control to pROBE (see TRACE32 BSP).
- The **Query** menu items launch the kernel resource display windows.

In addition, the menu file (\*.men) modifies these menus on the TRACE32 [main menu bar](#):

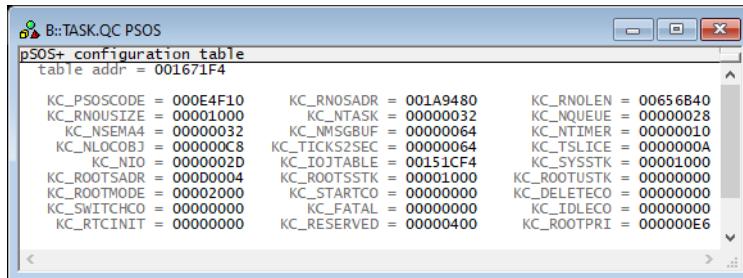
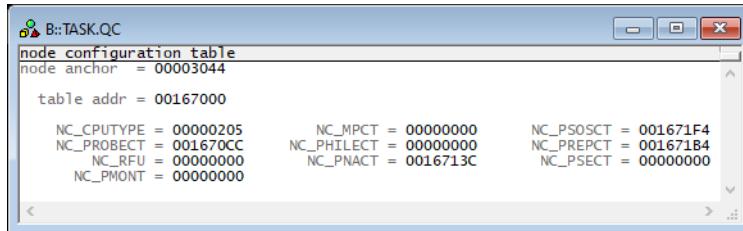
- The **Trace -> List** submenu is changed. You can additionally choose if you want a trace list window to show only task switches (if any) or task switches and defaults.
- The **Perf** menu contains the additional submenus for task runtime statistics, task-related function runtime statistics and statistics on task states. For the function runtime statistics, a PRACTICE script file called “men\_ptfp.cmm” is used. This script file must be adapted to your application.

## TASK.QC

## Configuration

Format: **TASK.QC [NODE | PSOS | PROBE]**

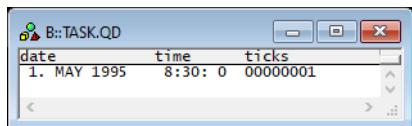
Displays the configuration tables of pSOS+. Some of the fields are mouse sensitive. Double clicking on them will show the appropriate information.



Format: **TASK.QD**

Displays the current time and tick.

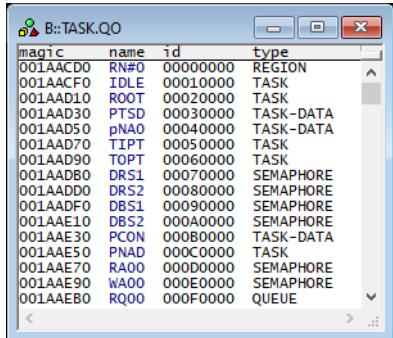
The 'ilevel' field displays the level of nested interrupts. This value should always be positive and near to zero.



Format: **TASK.QO** [<id> | <name>]

Displays the object-table of pSOS+.

With arguments it displays one object in detail.



magic	name	id	type
001AACD0	RN#0	00000000	REGION
001AACF0	IDLE	00010000	TASK
001AAD10	ROOT	00020000	TASK
001AAD30	PTSD	00030000	TASK-DATA
001AAD50	pNA0	00040000	TASK-DATA
001AAD70	TIPT	00050000	TASK
001AAD90	TOPT	00060000	TASK
001AADB0	DRS1	00070000	SEMAPHORE
001AADD0	DRS2	00080000	SEMAPHORE
001AAADF0	DBS1	00090000	SEMAPHORE
001AAE10	DBS2	000A0000	SEMAPHORE
001AAE30	PCON	000B0000	TASK-DATA
001AAE50	PNAD	000C0000	TASK
001AAE70	RA00	000D0000	SEMAPHORE
001AAE90	WA00	000E0000	SEMAPHORE
001AAEB0	RQ00	000F0000	QUEUE

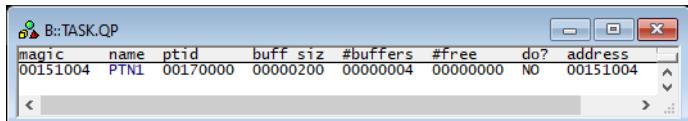
## TASK.QP

## Partitions

Format: **TASK.QP** [<partition\_id> | <partition\_name>]

Displays the partition table of pSOS+.

With arguments it displays one partition in detail.

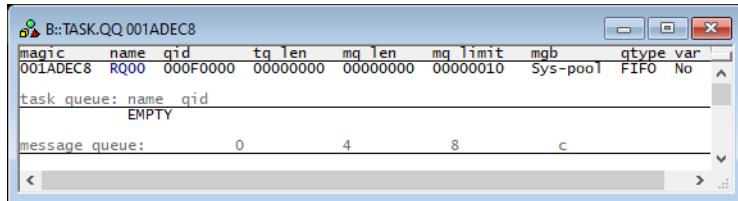


magic	name	ptid	buff	siz	#buffers	#free	do?	address
00151004	PTN1	00170000	00000200	00000004	00000004	00000000	NO	00151004

Format: **TASK.QQ** [<queue\_id> | <queue\_name>]

Displays the queue table of pSOS+.

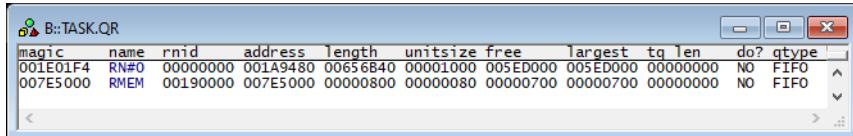
With arguments it displays one queue in detail.



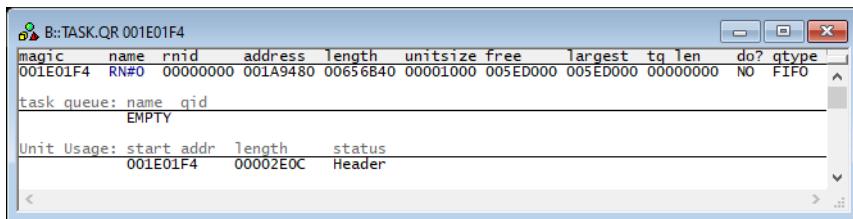
Format: **TASK.QR [<region\_id> | <region\_name>]**

Displays the region table of pSOS+.

With arguments it displays one region in detail.



magic	name	rnid	address	length	unitsize	free	largest	tq_len	do?	qtype
001E01F4	RN#0	00000000	001A9480	00656840	00001000	005ED000	005ED000	00000000	NO	FIFO
007E5000	RMEM	00190000	007E5000	00000800	00000080	00000700	00000700	00000000	NO	FIFO



magic	name	rnid	address	length	unitsize	free	largest	tq_len	do?	qtype
001E01F4	RN#0	00000000	001A9480	00656840	00001000	005ED000	005ED000	00000000	NO	FIFO

task queue: name qid  
EMPTY

Unit Usage: start_addr	length	status
001E01F4	00002E0C	Header

Format: **TASK.QS [<semaphore\_id> | <semaphore\_name>]**

Displays the semaphore table of pSOS+.

With arguments it displays one semaphore in detail.

magic	name	smid	count	tq_len	qtype
001AF4F8	DRS1	00070000	00000001	00000000	FIFO
001AF528	DRS2	00080000	00000000	00000000	FIFO
001AF558	DBS1	00090000	00000001	00000000	FIFO
001AF588	DBS2	000A0000	00000000	00000000	FIFO
001AF5B8	RA00	000D0000	00000001	00000000	FIFO
001AF5E8	WA00	000E0000	00000001	00000000	FIFO
001AF618	TC00	00110000	00000000	00000000	FIFO
001AF648	CC00	00120000	00000000	00000000	FIFO
001AF678	RELW	00140000	00000001	00000000	FIFO
001AF6A8	RAMD	00150000	00000001	00000000	FIFO

magic	name	smid	count	tq_len	qtype
001AF678	RELW	00140000	00000001	00000000	FIFO

task queue: name qid  
EMPTY

Format: **TASK.QT** [<task\_id> | <task\_name>]

Displays the task-table of pSOS+.

With arguments it displays one task in detail

magic	name	id	prio	mode	status	susp	parameters	ticks
001DD5E8	IDLE	00010000	00	2000	Ready			
001DD870	ROOT	00020000	E6	2000	Ready	YES		
001DD6C0	TIPT	00050000	FA	2001	Cpwait		forever	
001DD798	TOPT	00060000	FA	2001	Ready	YES		
001DD948	PNA0	000C0000	FF	2000	Ewwait		EVENTS = C0000000 forever	
001DDA20	MEM1	001A0000	30	0000	Running			
001DDAF8	MEM2	001B0000	2F	0000	Ready			
001DDBD0	IO1	001C0000	1E	0002	Ready			
001DDCA8	IO2	001D0000	1E	0002	Ready			
001DD80	SRCE	001E0000	80	2000	Ready	YES		
001DDE58	SINK	001F0000	50	2000	Wkafter			
001DDF30	SUDO	00200000	81	0002	Wkafter		00000001	000000167

B::TASK.QT "ROOT"															
magic	name	id	prio	mode	status	susp	parameters	ticks							
001DD870	ROOT	00020000	E6	2000	Ready	YES									
Initial PC = 00000004		Initial Pri = E6													
Initial SSP = 007ECF18		SStack Size = 00002F18													
Initial USP = 007ECF18		UStack Size = 00000000													
Timers:															
NONE															

Format: **TASK.QV**

Displays the pSOS+ and pROBE+ versions.

Component versions
pSOS+/PPC,V3.0.0.7
pROBE+/PPC,V4.0.0.7
pREP+/PPC,V3.0.0.6
pNA+/PPC,V4.2.0.9

Format: **TASK.SysCall** <function> <d1> <d2> <d3> <d4> <d5> <a0> <a1>

<function>: **PT\_SGETBU** | **Q\_BROADCA** | **EV\_RECEIV** | **TM\_WKAFTE**  
**TM\_EVEVER** | **Q\_VRECEIV** | **Q\_VBROADC** | **Q\_AVURGEN**  
<function>

Executes a pSOS system call.

The function can only be executed, when the currently selected task is already stopped or can be stopped by the OS Awareness. When the task selective debugging is not active, the emulation must be stopped (in a regular task) before executing the command. Some functions are abbreviated to nine characters (see above list).

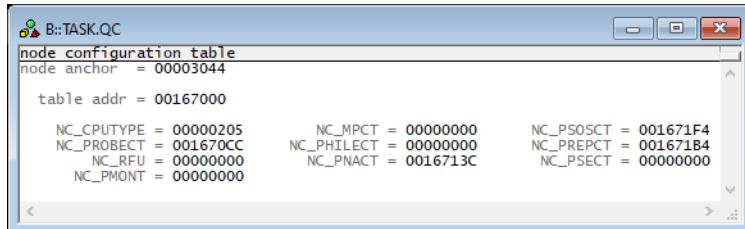
```
task.sc q_create 41424344 4 0 0 7 ; create new queue
task.sc q_send 0c0000 12 34 56 78 ; send message to queue
```

## TASK.QC

## Configuration

Format: **TASK.QC [SYSTEM | PSOS | PROBE]**

Displays the configuration tables of pSOS+.



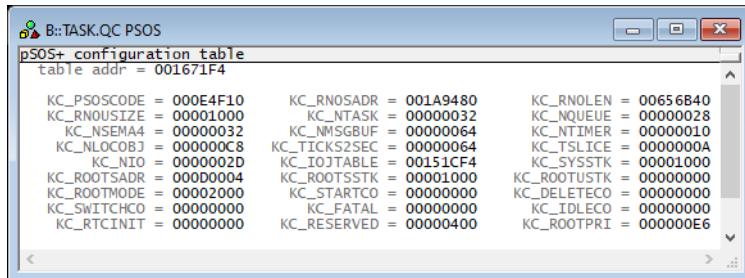
B::TASK.QC

node configuration table

node anchor = 00003044

table addr = 00167000

NC_CPUTYPE = 00000205	NC_MPCT = 00000000	NC_PSOSCT = 001671F4
NC_PROBECT = 001670CC	NC_PHILECT = 00000000	NC_PREPCT = 001671B4
NC_RFU = 00000000	NC_PNACT = 0016713C	NC_PSECT = 00000000
NC_PMONT = 00000000		



B::TASK.QC PSOS

pSOS+ configuration table

table addr = 001671F4

KC_PSOSCODE = 000E4F10	KC_RNOSADR = 001A9480	KC_RNOLEN = 00656B40
KC_RNOUSIZE = 00001000	KC_NTASK = 00000032	KC_NQUEUE = 00000028
KC_NSEMA4 = 00000032	KC_NMSGBUF = 00000064	KC_NTIMER = 00000010
KC_NLOCOBJ = 000000C8	KC_TICKS2SEC = 00000064	KC_TSslice = 0000000A
KC_NIO = 0000002D	KC_I0JTABLE = 00151CF4	KC_SYSSTK = 00001000
KC_ROOTSADR = 00000004	KC_ROOTSSTK = 00001000	KC_ROOTUSTK = 00000000
KC_ROOTMODE = 00002000	KC_STARTCO = 00000000	KC_DELETECO = 00000000
KC_SWITCHCO = 00000000	KC_FATAL = 00000000	KC_IDLECO = 00000000
KC_RTCINIT = 00000000	KC_RESERVED = 00000400	KC_ROOTPRI = 000000E6

Format: **TASK.QP**

Displays the process table of pSOS-86.

The state 'Running' is not displayed.

B::TASK.QP							
magic	name	ptid	buff siz	#buffers	#free	do?	address
00151004	PTNI	00170000	00000200	00000004	00000000	NO	00151004

## TASK.QT

Time

Format: **TASK.QT**

Displays the current time and the nesting levels of system calls and interrupts.

magic	name	id	prio	mode	status	susp	parameters	ticks
001DD5E8	IDLE	00010000	00	2000	Ready			
001DD870	ROOT	00020000	E6	2000	Ready	YES		
001DD6C0	TIPT	00050000	FA	2001	Cpwait		forever	
001DD798	TOPT	00060000	FA	2001	Ready	YES		
001DD948	PNAD	000C0000	FF	2000	Ewwait		EVENTS = C0000000 forever	
001DDA20	MEM1	001A0000	30	0000	Running			
001DDAF8	MEM2	001B0000	2F	0000	Ready			
001DBD80	IO1-	001C0000	1E	0002	Ready			
001DDCA8	IO2-	001D0000	1E	0002	Ready			
001DD80	SRCE	001E0000	80	2000	Ready	YES		
001DDE58	SINK	001F0000	50	2000	Wkafter		00000001	
001DDF30	SUDO	00200000	81	0002	Wkafter		00000167	

## TASK.TASKState

Mark task state words

Format: **TASK.TASKState**

This command sets Alpha breakpoints on all task status words.

The statistic evaluation of task states (see [Task State Analysis](#)) requires recording of the accesses to the task state words. By setting Alpha breakpoints to these words and selectively recording Alpha's, you can do a selective recording of task state transitions.

Because setting the Alpha breakpoints by hand is very hard to do, this utility command automatically sets the Alpha's to the status words of all tasks currently created. It does NOT set breakpoints to tasks that terminated or haven't yet been created.

# pSOS PRACTICE Functions

---

There are special definitions for pSOS specific PRACTICE functions.

## **TASK.CONFIG()**

OS Awareness configuration information

Syntax: **TASK.CONFIG(magic | magicsize)**

**Parameter and Description:**

<b>magic</b>	<b>Parameter Type:</b> String ( <i>without</i> quotation marks). Returns the magic address, which is the location that contains the currently running task (i.e. its <a href="#">task magic number</a> ).
<b>magicsize</b>	<b>Parameter Type:</b> String ( <i>without</i> quotation marks). Returns the size of the task magic number (1, 2 or 4).

**Return Value Type:** Hex value.